

Government of NCT of Delhi
Department of Information Technology
9th Level, B-wing, Delhi Secretariat, New Delhi 110002

F.No. E-13016/19/2020-Development-Secy(IT)/ 5988-60-7

Date: 13/11/2020

Subject: Forwarding of Minutes of the First Meeting of Delhi Broadband Committee

I am directed to forward the Minutes of the First Meeting of Delhi Broadband Committee held on 19.10.2020 under the chairmanship of Worthy Chief Secretary, Delhi through Video Conferencing. A copy of Minutes of the First Meeting of Delhi Broadband Committee is enclosed herewith for information and necessary action.

Encl: As above


(Santulan Chaubey)
Jt. Director (IT)

To,

1. Delhi Broadband Committee Members
(As per list enclosed)

Government of NCT of Delhi
Department of Information Technology
9th Level, B-wing, Delhi Secretariat, New Delhi 110002

F.No. E-13016/19/2020-Development-Secy(IT)/5988-6007

Date: 13/11/2020

Minutes of the First Meeting of Delhi Broadband Committee

The first meeting of Delhi Broadband Committee was held on 19.10.2020 at 3:00 PM under the chairmanship of Chief Secretary, GNCTD through Video Conferencing. The list of participants is annexed herewith as Annexure-I.

2. Secretary (IT) welcomed all the committee members and the meeting started with a brief presentation by Sr. DDG, Head Delhi LSA, DoT about **National Broadband Mission** and its genesis through **National Digital Communication Policy 2018**, its need, its **vision** of fast track growth of digital communication infrastructure, bridge the digital divide for digital empowerment and inclusion, provide affordable and universal access of '**Broadband for All**', its **objectives** like all villages to have access to broadband by 2022, availability of high speed broadband up to 50 Mbps in phased manner, accelerate Fiberization and have State RoW policy aligned with Indian Telegraph Right of Way Rules-2016 notified by the Central Government and to enhance connectivity, improve Quality of Service by increasing tower density and increase fiberization of telecom towers etc.

3. It was explained that the mission shall be monitored at three levels – **Central, State and District/Municipal**. At the Central level, the Central Government will design and implement policy and regulatory prescriptions for meeting objectives of the Mission. The Central Government shall work with the States/UTs to address the challenges faced by service providers and Infrastructure providers in rolling out the Mission. At Central level the work shall be carried out by the **Broadband Steering Committee**, while at the State level by **State Broadband Committee** and its role was enumerated. For monitoring at



the District/Municipal level the States/UTs may require to set up a **District level Committees.**

4. A presentation (Annexure-II) was made by Sr.DDG, Delhi LSA, DoT on the agenda points and the details on deliberations/discussions and decisions taken with action plan are as given below:

(a) Alignment of Delhi NCT RoW policy with Indian Telegraph Right of Way rules, 2016 notified by Central Government.

It was pointed out that a draft RoW policy of Delhi NCT in alignment with **Indian Telegraph Right of Way rules, 2016 notified by Central Government** was made by GNCTD in January 2020 on which the comments were sent by Department of Telecommunication, but the same has not yet been notified by GNCTD due to which a lot of problems like multiple policies with multiple levies and varying procedures in Central/State organizations exist. The issues like lack of single window clearance system, delay in giving permissions for laying of Fibre cable and erection of Telecom Towers etc. are being faced by industry.

Additional Chief Secretary (UD), GNCTD clarified that SDMC has made a model RoW policy for Delhi in the month of September end and same has been circulated to all stakeholders, A copy of same shall be sent to DoT, COAI and TAIPA for their comments. This RoW policy will be finalized shortly after receiving comments from all stakeholders.

Chief Secretary, GNCTD advised to ensure that the Government of India rules are followed appropriately in this regard and the RoW policy of NCT of Delhi is notified within a month.

Action by: Additional Chief Secretary (UD), GNCTD

(b) Broadband Readiness Index (BRI) for NCT-Delhi.

It was informed that as per NDCP 2018, BRI for states/UTs will act as a tool to attract investments and address Right of Way Challenges. DoT has engaged ICRIER to undertake collection of the data for the period from 01.04.2018 to



31.12.2019, to bring out States/UTs wise comparison index. This index which will be evaluated for all states on annual basis which shall appraise the status of underlying infrastructure, human resources, policy regimes and investment climate that examine digital environment and its related factors at state level that will enable to evaluate State's relative development. Delhi BRI Data received, along with tentative score was presented.

It was requested to ensure that all the departments are connected for online processing of the applications and Nodal officer needs to be nominated to act as Single point of contact for coordination with various state agencies and submission of data to ICRIER/DoT. It was highlighted that provision of online portal related to permissions is a key parameter in BRI, which should include provision of deemed approval after completion of stipulated time.

Chief Secretary, GNCTD instructed all concerned officers to provide data on all parameters related to BRI timely and cautiously so that base ranking of the state should get reflected appropriately. Further the action points as per BRI need to be implemented in true spirit to draw effective benefits by stakeholders. Commissioner SDMC, clarified that portal has been developed for all corporations and some facilities related to permissions have been extended through this portal. He further assured that all provisions related to permissions will be made online by incorporating the changes required within one month.

Action by:

- (i) Addl CS UD for Appointment of Nodal officer
- (ii) Commissioner SDMC for Online portal for permission for Towers and OFC cable laying



(c) **NBM Annual Implementation Plan**

	1-year	2-year	3-year	4-year	5-year
Broadband Connectivity to villages (%)	50%	60%	100%		
Availability of broadband speeds (Mbps)	4	10	25	30	50
Fiberization (Lakh Kms) Cumulative	24	27	30	40	50
Towers (in lakhs) Cumulative	7	8	10	12	15
Fiberization of Telecom Towers (%) Cumulative	35	45	55	65	70

Chief Secretary, GNCTD desired all stakeholders to put their efforts to work out the plan and ensure that Delhi NCT achieve the overall targets for NBM within next 2 years. Accordingly, Calendar of activities for next 2 years should be prepared by all concerned.

(i) **Availability of high speed broadband: - All villages to have broadband by 2022 i.e. to make available benefits of broadband infrastructure to everyone in villages.**

It was brought to notice that there are discrepancies in the village coverage data and as such Nodal Officer needs to be nominated to gather factual information and develop action plan for their coverage.

Chief Secretary, GNCTD instructed Pr. Secretary (Revenue) / Divisional Commissioner to nominate one officer at HQ level responsible for coordination with all officers nominated by DMs at District level. This set up will be responsible for steering the mission targets. Under the supervision of Divisional Commissioner Revenue, all DMs will have district level committee meeting within **a weeks' time** involving all stakeholders (TAIPA/COAI /MTNL/TSP's/DoT) and come out with a list of obstacles/ Issues in the implementation of state level plan. Any problem/obstacle during the implementation needs to be immediately flagged and brought to the notice of Add. Chief Secretary (UD)/ Secretary (IT).



Action by: Divisional Commissioner Revenue for formation of District level committees with representation from local bodies, Power department TAIPA, COAI, MTNL, Delhi LSA

(ii) Enabling Fiberisation of Tower (Route Km.) and (iii) To increase Tower density- Towers (in Lakh) Cumulative.

Both of these involve speedy approvals and affordable charges in line with RoW Policy based on Indian Telegraph RoW rules-2016.

Action by: ACS(UD) and Local Bodies

(iii) Target 1000 area/locations in urban cities where people are educationally and economically well-off as "Digital Economy Hotspots" and take step to saturate them with such connections

It was agreed that NDMC comes under smart city projects; it may be one such area where locations for digital economy hotspots may be identified. Other MCDs may also identify such areas for digital economy hotspots.

Action by: Div Commissioner (Rev) /UD Deptt. , Local Bodies

(iv) Plan 1 lakh hotspots which provide convenient internet access to the common people

Details related to Wi-Fi hotspots is to be provided by PWD to Secretary (IT), Additional Chief Secretary (UD) & DoT within one week time, so that it may be reflected appropriately in the reports and future planning may be done accordingly to achieve the NBM targets.

Action by: Secretary PWD



5. **Examine whether the UTs could be taken as a specific area where hundred percent saturation by covering all the available residences/ households with access to fixed line broadband (Har Ghar FibeR)**

It was emphasized to cover all the households with access to fiber under Har Ghar Fiber plan to derive benefits of digital revolution. Chief Secretary narrated the current situation of telecom infrastructure in Lutyen's Delhi by his own example and pointed out the non-availability of Optical Fiber in the area and the low speeds of Broadband. Chief Secretary instructed that all the Commissioner MCDs /DMs/Chairman NDMC to take immediate action on mission mode to facilitate the stakeholders to provide access of fiber to all households. Chief Secretary reiterated that NDMC area comes under Smart City project and digital saturation is an important aspect that needs immediate action. Shri Dharmendra, Chairman NDMC assured that objective will be taken in mission mode.

Action by: Chairman NDMC & DMCs

6. **Implementation of Part8/Section 6 of National Building Code-2016**

Sr.DDG, Delhi LSA DoT emphasized on the importance of wire-line telecom network inside a building and adaptation of Part8/Section 6 of National Building Code-2016 which covers the telecom infrastructure related requirements in a building to enable readiness of the buildings for the high speed Broadband connectivity.

It was informed that at present DMCs are following UBBL. Chief Secretary instructed to issue directive that this particular section i.e. Part8/Section 6 of National Building Code-2016 should mandatorily be followed by all DMCs/NDMC/PWD/DCB along with UBBL. After issuance of directive in this regard, all concerned departments have to make SOPs for its implementation. DoT shall issue a direction to MTNL/COAI/TAIPA to coordinate with district level committee, to attend all meetings in this regard and to resolve the issues at ground levels.

Action by: ACS (UD) and Local Bodies and DoT



7. With the permission of chair an opportunity was given to TAIPA to highlight the issues faced in telecom towers installation. The main issues highlighted by Sh. T.R.Dua, DG (TAIPA) and decisions taken are as under:

(a) Multiple policies by various authorities (MCDs/NDMC),

In this regard Chief Secretary instructed Additional Chief Secretary(UD) to have a meeting with all MCDs/NDMC/PWD etc. regarding having a uniform policy related to telecom infrastructure installation. It was informed that this aspect will be taken care by alignment of proposed RoW policy in line with Indian Telegraph RoW Rules-2016, for which target of one month has been set.

(b) Long pending tower permissions by MCDs, Delay in Electricity connections

Chief Secretary directed all MCDs, local bodies and Power department to have discussions with concerned TSPs/IPs and revert back to Chief Secretary Office with the status and reason of all pending permissions of tower & EB connections.

Action by: Local Bodies/ Power Department

(c) Tower sealing issue

Regarding sealed sites respective MCDs to be contacted by IPs/ TSPs. MCDs to submit detailed report to Chief Secretary.

Action by: Local Bodies

(d) Police Authorities support required during public issue while installing towers

Chief Secretary assured to extend for any support required from Police authorities/local bodies for installation of Tower and laying of Optical fibre Cable in Delhi to telecom industry.

(e) Telecom towers DG exemption matter

Respective IPs/ TSPs/TAIPA are to submit the empirical and specific data where all the backup arrangements have failed and DG was the only option left. Post submission of this data, further decision will be taken.

Action by: TAIPA, COAI



(f) DIAL sites for relocation matter

Chief Secretary appreciated to bring such important matters in this forum and assured TAIPA that all necessary support to IPs/ TSPs will be provided. He further asked respective MCD authorities to support industry for the same and to ensure complete relocation in time bound manner within 30 days as it relates to the Aviation Security.

Action by: TAIPA, COAI, Local Bodies

(g) Restriction on tower permissions in O Zone area by MCD.

O zone is the area around Yamuna river bank which is prohibited for any kind of construction. Therefore no permanent construction is permitted in that area. Major chunk of the area comes under Central Zone of South MCD. Though there are numerous colonies which have come-up with high density of population like JJ colony, Madanpur Khadar, Sangam Vihar, Jaitpur, Khanpur Colony, Molarband, Saurabh Vihar, Jaipur, Meethapur Extension etc. and Govt. is providing all basic amenities there including street, electricity sewerage, water etc, but MCD is not granting permission to install towers / poles though these are to be built on roof of existing building only. Existing towers are sealed, which are not being de-sealed as these falls in O Zone.

As per MCD, Permissions for O Zone will be given by DDA. Industry to apply NOC/Permissions with DDA based on which MCD will permit the tower installation/de-sealing of towers.

8. With the permission of chair an opportunities was given to COAI to highlight the issues faced by Telecom Service Providers. The main issues highlighted by Dr. J Jena, DDG (COAI) are:
- (a) The online application process does not include OFC laying. It is applicable for road cutting permissions across multiple land owning authorities. It was decided by Chief Secretary GNCTD to ensure OFC permissions also be handled through online portal and Secretary IT was instructed to get this implemented.

Action by: Secretary IT



(b) State Discoms to allow Telco's to use their LT Poles for laying overhead OFC and mounting low power 4G/5G BTS

Chief Secretary advised to form a committee having representatives from Delhi LSA, Secretary (IT), Secretary of Power, COAI and TAIPA to work on action plan to use existing Power/Street infrastructure for the roll-out of Telecommunication.

Action by: Secretary PWD

(c) Availability of Govt. Land and Building for setting up Poles/Towers

Cell on Wheels (CoW) has become permanent feature in Delhi. Renewal of roof top tower contracts is becoming difficult due to myth of EMF health apprehensions in public mind. There is a need to provide Govt. land and building for installation of telecom infrastructure which was agreed to be looked into

Action by: ACS(UD), Local Bodies

(d) EMF issue:

It was discussed to make the Information, Education & Communication (IEC) strategy under the leadership of Delhi LSA, DoT aimed to create awareness and disseminate information regarding Electromagnetic Emission from Telecom Infrastructure. Chief Secretary suggested including EMF Advocacy via advertisement in TV/Radio/Bill boards etc. The IEC strategy is to be made keeping in mind best EMF Advocacy practices being followed across the world, especially in countries having digital saturation.

- (e) It was stated that the MCDs are charging exorbitant restoration charges and demanding way leave charges which are not in line with Indian Telegraph ROW Rule 2016 issued by DoT. As per the Rule, only administrative fee of Rs.1000/- per KM and restoration charges are to be levied on actual basis. The TSPs will like to restore the ROW route themselves to the satisfaction of the concerned land owning authority. Chief Secretary assured that these points will be taken care of in the Delhi ROW policy in the making.

Action by: ACS(UD)



- (f) **Municipal and state authorities to facilitate construction of common ducts for UG electrical cable and OFC during new/widening road construction.**

Chief Secretary agreed that there is a need for extensive fiberization in the Delhi and directed Secy IT/PWD/Power along with user companies to submit a detailed proposal and strategy plan within one month.

- (g) **Frequent Fiber cut affect the Quality of Service**

It was suggested to introduce a penalty clause for fibre cut in the contract executed by MCDs/PWD and on fiber cut the amount should be recovered from agencies responsible. The recovered amount should be paid to the agencies restoring the fibre cut.

9. Concluding Remarks by Chief Secretary

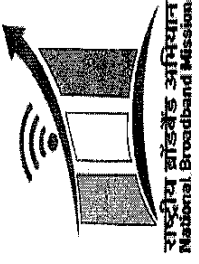
Chief Secretary assured that all concerns raised by industry will be taken into account during finalisation of new RoW policy of Delhi. All concerned need to work in harmony to achieve the targets of National Broadband Mission and meet quarterly to review and monitor the progress during which the development at district level will also be reviewed.

10. Sr.DDG, Delhi LSA extended vote of thanks to the chair and all members.


(Santulan Chaubey)
Jt. Director (IT)

List of Participants:

1. Addl. Chief Secretary(UD), GNCTD
2. Principal Secretary (E&F), GNCTD
3. Chairman, NDMC
4. Pr. Secretary(Revenue)
5. Secretary(IT), GNCTD
6. Secretary(PWD), GNCTD
7. Commissioner, South DMC
8. Commissioner, North DMC
9. Commissioner, East DMC
10. Sr. DDG of DoT Delhi(LSA)
11. DDG(R), Delhi LSA
12. Director(R), Delhi LSA
13. CMD, MTNL
14. CGM, Bharat Broadband Network Limited
15. Representative of COAI
16. Representative of TAIPA



राष्ट्रीय ब्रॉडबैंड अभियान
National Broadband Mission

Issues for roll-out of Telecom Infrastructure across Delhi

1st SBC meeting scheduled on 19th Oct 2020 under the
Chairmanship of Chief Secretary, Delhi



COAI ISSUES

- 1. Promulgation of Delhi RoW Policy aligned with Central RoW Rule of 2016 and development of Online Portal including OFC laying permission**
- 2. Non-Uniform and high OFC laying charges by self governing authorities be aligned with RoW Rule**
- 3. Exorbitant fees charged by MCDs like way-leave charges be eliminated**
- 4. Exorbitant restoration charges be done away with Restoration responsibility by TSPs**
- 5. Policy for laying last-mile aerial OFC/Co-axial Cables in a standardised aesthetic way be adopted to improve urban village skyline**
- 6. Municipal/Govt. Land and Building may be made available on reasonable rental for setting up Towers/Masts/Poles.**
- 7. State Discoms, through a central agreement, allow Telco's to use their LT Poles for laying overhead OFC and mounting low power 4G/5G BTS**

COAI Issues

8. To minimize fiber cuts introduce Penalty clause on fiber cuts as a standard clause in underground contracts
9. National Building Code for in-building fibre layout be linked to issue of completion certificate
10. Municipal and state authorities to facilitate construction of common ducts for UG electrical cable and OFC during new/widening road construction
11. During NGT ban, use of DG set for roll out of Telecom installations and laying of OFC should be allowed to meet broadband targets.

Thank You

Annexure 1

Feedback on Draft RoW Policy of Delhi

DoT File no. F 13 (352)/LB/UD/ 2020/ BRI Pt. file/CD021618397/14601-606, Dated - 09.10.2020

S. No	Particular clause in Draft policy	Industry point of view	Industry RECOMMENDATION/ Suggestions/ Clause in POLICY to be amended as follows
1.	3.2 communication and connectivity Infrastructure	<p>1. The definition of Communication and connectivity infrastructure should include the following explicitly:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Small Cell 2. Street Poles 3. Overhead cables 4. Digital Loop Carrier (DLCs) for landline and broadband <p>2. Also No permission mechanism has been provided in the policy for telecom infrastructure falling under clause 3.2(e)</p>	<p>Clause 3.2 needs to include following : Clause 3.2 needs to include following explicitly:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Small Cell 2. Street Poles 3. Overhead cables 4. Digital Loop Carrier (DLCs) for landline and broadband <p>2. SOP for grant of permission for above (street poles, street furniture, overhead cables)</p>
2.	3.2 (f) DTH for domestic purpose	This is likely to cause confusion and will be subject matter of litigation in case the Dish Antennae is fixed on hotel, offices, clubs and other public places for non-domestic purpose	<p>Clause 3.2 (f) should be replaced as under :</p> <p>This Policy is not applicable for Television Antennas or Dish Antennas installed for DTH services.</p>
3.	4.1 Establishment and Maintenance of Underground Telegraph Infrastructure (Optical Cable etc.) Fiber	<p>No clarity on RR Charges and basis for determination of the same. As per RoW Rules, the Local Authority should charge only such expenses which they incur due to the work proposed to be undertaken by the licensee</p> <p>The appropriate authority shall not charge any fee other than those prescribed under sub-rule (3) of rule 5 and clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of the RoW Rules, 2016 from the licensee / applicant for establishing underground telegraph infrastructure.</p>	<p>Clarity is required for Restoration charges and determination of the rates as open ended provisions should not be there in charging sections to avoid any conflict later on.</p> <p>The RR charges should be reasonable and nominal, as Telecom is covered under essential service category.</p>
4.	5.2 (b)	Rejection of the application for reasons to be recorded in writing	No application shall be rejected unless the applicant has been given an opportunity of being heard on the reasons for such rejection.
5.	5.3 seeks bank guarantee for overhead infra as	The Clause is not clear as the same is applicable only for underground structure alone.	Clause 5.3 of the draft policy to be suitably amended.

	well		
6.	6.1 Validity of Permission	Validity should be co-terminus with the licence granted by DoT.	Validity of permission should be for a longer period, ideally co-terminus with the licence period. ideally Further Validity period of the permissions should be same for all telecom infrastructure. Hence, Clause 6.1 to be deleted.
7.	6.2 – Submission of application for renewal	This shd be removed in view of the above submission.	To be deleted
8.	6.3 – Validity for CoW sites	Validity of CoW site for 3 years. All infra should be valid till the validity of the UL Licence granted by DoT.	To be deleted.
9.	6.4 – No permission required to install CoW in case of disaster	Installation of CoW sites during disaster without permission	No issue in retaining this provision.
10.	6.5 – CoW Installation allowed till alternate permanent site is installed	Should be covered under Clause 5	To be moved to Clause 5. To be deleted from current para 6
11.	6.6 – Permission so granted doesn't give any ownership rights	Should be covered under Clause 5	To be moved to Clause 5. To be deleted from current para 6
12.	6.7 – Removal of site after validity of permission is over.	This provides for removal of Infra after validity of permission is over. Seeking permission frequent will be cumbersome. This shd be co-terminus with the Licence.	To be deleted.
13.	6.8 The Existing policies being integral part of this policy shall remain valid and only Corporation shall be competent to change the same	Disagree as the existing Policy of Corporation must be modified in accordance with the RoW Rules, 2016 and any provision / procedure of the existing Policy of the Corporation which are inconsistent with the RoW rules, 2016 should not be agreed upon. RoW rules shall have precedence over any existing policies of the Corporation. Further, the present policy should replace the existing policies of the corporation, as simultaneous operation of both will create ambiguities and dispute.	To be deleted

14.	7.1 - Where the licensee/infrastructure service provider neither apply and/nor remove the unauthorized structure, he/she/they would be called upon to show cause as to why action should not be taken against him/them as per law. In case of failure on this count, besides taking action as per law, the unauthorized structure will be removed at the expense of such wrongdoer.	There is no such provision in RoW Rules, where the appropriate authority such as the corporation can remove the telecom infrastructure	To be deleted
15.	7.2 (i) & (ii)	Telecom Infrastructure shall not be categorized as unauthorized. Telecom services are essential services and details regarding the telecom infrastructure are made available to the Department of Telecommunication. Further under ROW Rules penalty cannot be imposed	These clauses are to be deleted, as the same are not in conformity with the ROW Rules, as under ROW Rules there is no provision for imposition of penal.
16.	8. State Nodal officer for Dispute Resolution	This Nodal Officer is not the Designated Officer as appointed by the Central Govt under RoW Rule 14. Rule 14 of RoW rules provides for appointment by Central Government to act as Designated officer and preside over dispute resolution mechanism. Vide Notification dated 19 th June 2017, the Ministry of Communications (Department of Telecommunications) in exercise of its powers conferred under Rule 14(2) of the ROW Rules, has specified Designated Officers for dispute resolution under Rules 14(1) Of RoW Rules. For the State of Delhi, Principal Secretary Urban Development Department has been appointed as the designated officer for resolution of any dispute under the RoW Rules or polices notified under the said Rules.	To be deleted

		"A person can't sit in his own judgment". There is conflict of interest and must be decided by independent resolution mechanism as provided under Rule 14 of RoW Rules.	
17.	9. Coercive Action	Telecommunication services being essential services, NO coercive action of sealing shall be taken against telecom infrastructure without referring the same to the Delhi LSA (TERM Cell).	To be deleted.
18.	Annexure A Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Road Cutting and Digging for Permission Installation of Underground Telecom Infrastructure.	The procedure, documents and fee mentioned in Annexure A & B for grant of permission of underground telecom infrastructure is not in conformity with the ROW Rules. A separate dispute resolution mechanism cannot be provided in the Annexure for road cutting.	The Annexure is to be deleted / modified in conformity with the ROW Rules.
19.	Annexure B Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Permission of Laying of OFC etc	Under the Annexure SDMC has incorporated its previous policy regarding ROW charges which is in complete contract of the ROW Rules and also the guidelines mentioned in the present policy. Under the Annexure B, RoW Charges / Way Leave Charges are demanded @ Rs. 880/ per meter i.e. 8,80,000/Km as one time way leave charges , whereas in Rule 5(3) of the ROW Rules maximum charges are Rs. 1000/ per Km. One Time Administrative charges should be charged at the Rate of Rs. 1000/ per Km and no other amount shall be payable by the Licensee. Such onerous and exorbitant prices will hamper the financials of the telecom sector and will make it unviable to sustain.	The Annexure is to be deleted / modified in conformity with the ROW Rules. The said way leave facilities charges demanded for grant of such permissions are not only exorbitant and arbitrary, but also violated of the rights of the Telecommunications licensees under the Indian Telegraphs Act 1885 and Indian Telegraph Right of way Rules 2016 which provide that the only charges that can be levied for RoW are the compensation for the damage actually sustained in respect of laying cables beneath the roads or public property in addition to administrative charges @Rs 1000/Km as mentioned in clause 5 and 6 of Indian Telegraph Right of Way Rules, 2016.
20.	Annexure C Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Permission for Installation of Over	In the said Annexure the Settlement Agreement dated 30.01.2017 has been incorporated. If the Licensee is required to submit NOCs from multiple agencies, it will defeat the purpose of single window clearance mechanism. In the ROW Rules there is no categorization between	To be deleted / modified in conformity with the ROW Rules.

	Ground Telecom Infrastructure RTT, RBT, GBT, GBM, RTP	RTT/RTP/GBT/GBM/COW. Documents required under the Annexure are not in conformity with the ROW Rules.	
21.	<p>Annexure C</p> <p>Pt no.6</p> <p>A. Towers Roof Top Tower (RTT)/Ground Based Tower(GBT)/Ground Based Mast (GBM) until Jan1,2015 For the period 08.04.2010 to 31.12.2014 Rs 1,50,000/- for 5 years irrespective of sharing with effect from the date of installation</p> <p>B. Prospective from 01.01.2015 to RTT/GBT/GBM Rs 2,00,000/- for 5 years irrespective of sharing with effect from the date of installation</p> <p>C. For towers installed prior to issue of policy dated 08.04.2010 of erstwhile. Municipal Corporation of Delhi under the Policy of 2003. If charges were previously deposited under the</p>	<p>As per RoW rules, 2016 one time administrative charges shall not exceed Rs. 10000 for establishment of overground Telecom Infrastructure.</p>	<p>In this regard, it is requested that for ease of doing business in Delhi, nominal one time administrative charges be levied for establishment of overground telecom infrastructure as done by other States like Uttarakhand (Rs.6000).</p> <p>Annual Charges for Right of Use for RoW Rules, 2016. No annual charges be levied against telecom towers being erected on private land & buildings. Hence these charges are requested to be waived off in the final policy.</p>

<p>previous policy of the year 2003, then no additional charges shall be required to be submitted. If such fee was not paid. Then the fees payable shall be Rs 100,000/- till 08.04.2010 for subsequent years charges to be paid as per a & b above.</p> <p>D. Pole site: Pole sites per operator upto 12 m height</p> <p>I. Rs 20,000/-</p> <p>II. Duration 5 years</p> <p>III. With effect from 01.01.2016</p> <p>E. All payments made under protest as per the interim order of the Delhi High Court dated May 31, 2010 shall be adjusted against amounts to be paid as specified above. Either for the sites installed between 2010-2014 and also post January, 2015.</p>	<p>The monthly rental charges being demanded in the Annexure are on the higher side considering that under Rules 9(3) and Rule 10 (2) of the Rules appropriate authority can only charge one time administrative charges of Rs. 10,000/- per site and if the immovable property is owned by the appropriate authority, then compensation can be charged, proportional to the value of the land, either annually or on one time basis.</p>	<p>Cell on Wheels are used to provide networks during natural calamities / disasters/festivals /rallies /social gathering as emergency/contingent infrastructure hence formal permission and charges may be exempted for period of 30 days. Post 30 days formal permission and proposed charges may</p>
<p>22.</p>	<p>Annexure D</p> <p>Policy for permission of setting up Communication Mobile Cellular</p>	

	Towers on Wheels (COWs)	Further ROW Rules also does not provide for imposition of penalty.	be insisted. This clause may be amended as follows: 'Cell on Wheels are used to provide networks during natural calamities / disasters as emergency infrastructure hence no charges to be levied on Cell on Wheels for period of 90 days. Post 90 days decision on its continuation or removal may be mutually decided by the authority and the applicant.'
Clauses to be included			
23.			As done by Odisha Annual Charges for Right of Use for use of street light poles to carry OFC/Aerial cabling/cables for cable TV (per pole) should be Rs. 100 per pole in urban areas and Rs. 50 per pole per annum in rural areas.
24.			<p>The Government should constitute the State Level Committee with the following Members:</p> <p>(i) Secretary to Government, E&IT Department : Chairman</p> <p>(ii) Secretary to Government, Revenue & Disaster Management Department : Member</p> <p>(iii) Secretary to Government, Home Department : Member</p> <p>(iv) Secretary to Government, Housing & Urban Development Department : Member</p> <p>(v) Secretary to Government, Forest & Environment Department : Member</p> <p>(vi) Secretary to Government, Works Department : Member</p> <p>(vii) Deputy Director General, TERM Cell, Department of Telecom, Odisha : Member</p> <p>(viii) State Head/ Representative of BSNL : Member</p> <p>(ix) State Head/ Representative of Telecom Service Provider : Member</p> <p>(x) State Head / Representative of Infrastructure Service Provider: Member</p> <p>(xi) State Head, National Highway Authority of India : Member</p> <p>(xii) Eminent Public Personality : Member</p>

		<p>(xiii) Special Secretary / Deputy Secretary to Government, Electronics & IT Department : Convenor</p> <p>District Level Committee with the following Members:—</p> <p>i. District Collector : Chairman</p> <p>ii. Project Director, District Rural Development Agency (DRDA) : Member</p> <p>iii. District Forest Officer : Member</p> <p>iv. Superintendent of Police : Member</p> <p>v. Executive Engineer, PWD (Rural Road and Bldg) / Executive Engineer, Rural Development : Member</p> <p>vi. Commissioner or Executive officer of the concerned ULBs in the District : Member</p> <p>vii. District Head of BSNL : Member</p> <p>viii. Circle Head of each Telecom /Infrastructure Service Provider : Member</p> <p>ix. Eminent public personality in the District : Member</p> <p>x. Representative of TERM Cell, Department of Telecom, Odisha : Member</p> <p>xi. Deputy Collector : Convener</p>
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